

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## 4-Oxo-2-phenylchroman-6-yl propionate

Edyta Kostrzewa-Susłow,<sup>a</sup> Agata Białońska<sup>b\*</sup> and Tomasz Janeczko<sup>a</sup><sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Wrocław University of Environmental and Life Sciences, 25. Norwida, 50-375 Wrocław, Poland, and <sup>b</sup>Faculty of Chemistry, University of Wrocław, 14. F. Joliot-Curie, 50-383 Wrocław, Poland

Correspondence e-mail: bialonsk@eto.wchuwr.pl

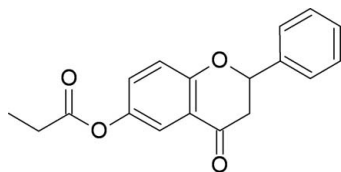
Received 29 March 2010; accepted 31 March 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å; disorder in main residue;  $R$  factor = 0.063;  $wR$  factor = 0.140; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.0.

In the structure of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$ , both the  $S$  and  $R$  enantiomers appear to occupy in a random way four symmetry-equivalent sites of the unit cell in an approximately 4:1/1:4 ratio. The chiral C atom of the pyrone ring together with the phenyl ring bonded to this atom are disordered over two positions, the occupancy factor of the major component being 0.809 (5). Adjacent molecules are linked by weak  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For background to flavonoids and their properties, see: Harborne & Baxter (1999); Harborne & Williams (2000); Di Carlo *et al.* (1999); Rice-Evans (2004); Wang (2000); Halliwell (1996); Rice-Evans *et al.* (1996); Kostrzewa-Susłow *et al.* (2008). For related structures, see: Shoja *et al.* (1998); Białońska *et al.* (2007).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$   
 $M_r = 296.31$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 7.863$  (2) Å  
 $b = 17.876$  (4) Å

$c = 10.731$  (2) Å  
 $\beta = 101.28$  (3)°  
 $V = 1479.2$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 100$  K

0.32 × 0.15 × 0.09 mm

## Data collection

Kuma KM4 CCD diffractometer  
 23501 measured reflections  
 5512 independent reflections

1906 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.126$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.140$   
 $S = 0.86$   
 5512 reflections  
 263 parameters

186 restraints  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.26$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.20$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}2-\text{H}2\cdots\text{O}18^{\text{i}}$	1.00	2.37	3.145 (3)	133

Symmetry code: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD*, (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* (Bruker, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

Publication/Project "Biotransformations for pharmaceutical and cosmetics industry" No. POIG.01.03.01-00-158/09-00 was part-financed by the European Union within the European Regional Development Fund.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG2666).

## References

- Białońska, A., Ciunik, Z., Kostrzewa-Susłow, E. & Dmochowska-Gładysz, J. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, o430–o431.  
 Bruker (1999). *XP*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
 Di Carlo, G., Mascolo, N., Izzo, A. A. & Capasso, F. (1999). *Life Science*, **65**, 337–353.  
 Halliwell, B. (1996). *Annu. Rev. Nutr.* **16**, 33–50.  
 Harborne, J. B. & Baxter, H. (1999). *The Handbook of Natural Flavonoids*. Chichester: John Wiley & Sons.  
 Harborne, J. B. & Williams, C. A. (2000). *Phytochemistry*, **55**, 481–504.  
 Kostrzewa-Susłow, E., Dmochowska-Gładysz, J., Białońska, A. & Ciunik, Z. (2008). *J. Mol. Catal. B Enzym.* **52–53**, 34–39.  
 Oxford Diffraction (2009). *CrysAlis CCD* and *CrysAlis RED*. Oxford Diffraction Ltd., Abingdon, England.  
 Rice-Evans, C. (2004). *Free Radical Bio. Med.* **36**, 827–828.  
 Rice-Evans, C. A., Miller, N. J. & Paganga, G. (1996). *Free Radic. Biol. Med.* **20**, 933–956.  
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.  
 Shoja, M., Samuel, K. & Athanasopoulos, D. (1998). *Z. Kristallogr. New Cryst. Struct.* **213**, 373–374.  
 Wang, H. K. (2000). *Expert. Opin. Investig. Drugs*, **9**, 2103–2119.

**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o1401 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536810012298 ]

## 4-Oxo-2-phenylchroman-6-yl propionate

E. Kostrzewa-Suslow, A. Bialonska and T. Janeczko

### Comment

Flavonoids, which are the subject of our research, are biologically active substances naturally occurring in plants. The colour of flowers and leaves and its intensity is correlated with their presence. Due to the strong UV absorption, flavonoids play protective role in plants. They are also nectar indicators. Flavonoids protect plants from pathogens, act as inhibitors of auxins transport and also initiate formation of root nodules in papilionaceous plants [Harborne & Baxter, 1999; Harborne & Williams, 2000].

So far, flavonoids have not been found in organisms of animals and humans, however worldwide research proved wide range of valuable biological activities of these compounds. These include antiallergic, antiatherogenic, antidiabetic, antidiarrheic, antiinflammatory, antihepatotoxic and anticancerogenic properties [Di Carlo *et al.*, 1999; Rice-Evans, 2004; Wang, 2000]. The wide spectrum of their pharmacological activities depends on chemical structures. Especially important is presence of carbonyl group, as well as presence, number and location of hydroxyl groups. For example, the presence of hydroxyl groups in the B ring is the main factor determining antioxidant activity of flavonoids [Halliwell, 1996; Rice-Evans *et al.*, 1996].

Transformation of flavonoids by means of microorganisms is a way of modification of their structure, as well as a helpful tool for elucidation of their metabolism in mammals [Kostrzewa-Susłow *et al.*, 2008].

The crystal structure of 6-propionoxyflavanone, together with numbering scheme employed, is presented in Fig. 1. In the present analysis, atoms at position 2 in the pyrone ring [C2 and H2 (major component) and C2A and H2A (minor component)] and phenyl ring [C11—C16 (major component) and C11A—C16A (minor component)] are clearly resolved. The C11—C16 (or C11A—C16A) phenyl ring is oriented almost perpendicular to the plane of the C5—C10 arene ring. The angle between the plane of the C11—C16 (C11A—C16A) ring and the plane of the C5—C10 ring is equal to 79.79 (12) ° (89.8 (5) °). The angle between the plane of carboxylate group and the plane of the C5—C10 ring is equal to 75.62 (8) °. The O1, C3, C4 O17 atoms are situated approximately in the plane of the C5—C10 arene ring (maximum deviation is equal to 0.040 (3) Å for O1). While deviation of the C18 and C2 atoms from the plane formed by the C5—C10 arene ring are equal to 1.140 (4) and 0.676 (4) Å, respectively, deviation of the C2A atom from the plane is equal to -0.403 (13) Å. Thus, two enantiomers revealing various conformations occupy equivalent sites, however somewhat randomly, not systematically, arranged in the unit cell. The ratio of the two enantiomers (*R:S*) in an asymmetric part of the unit cell is approximately equal to 0.8:0.2, which gives a 4:1/1:4 ratio in the crystal structure overall.

### Experimental

The title compound was obtained during esterification of 6-hydroksyflavanone using propionyl chloride (Fig.2). Crystals of 6-propionoxyflavanone were grown from a THF (tetrahydrofurane) solution under ambient conditions.

## Refinement

Occupancy factors for C2, C2A, C11—C16 and C11A—C16A were refined. The C11A—C16A atoms were refined using ISOR restrain. All H atoms were placed at calculated positions. H atoms attached to carbons were constrained as riding atoms, with C—H set to 0.95 - 0.99 Å.  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$  values were set to  $1.2U_{\text{eq}}$  of the parent atom.

## Figures



Fig. 1. Structure of 6-propionyloxyflavanone. Disordered part with occupancy factor equal to 0.2 is marked by open line.



Fig. 2. The title compound was obtained during esterification of 6-hydroxyflavanone using propionyl chloride.

## 4-Oxo-2-phenylchroman-6-yl propionate

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$

$M_r = 296.31$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 7.863$  (2) Å

$b = 17.876$  (4) Å

$c = 10.731$  (2) Å

$\beta = 101.28$  (3)°

$V = 1479.2$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 624$

$D_x = 1.331$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 2758 reflections

$\theta = 2.9$ – $36.8$ °

$\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 100$  K

Plate, colorless

$0.32 \times 0.15 \times 0.09$  mm

### Data collection

Kuma KM4 CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
graphite

$\omega$  scan

23501 measured reflections

5512 independent reflections

1906 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.126$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 33.0$ °,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9$ °

$h = -9 \rightarrow 12$

$k = -27 \rightarrow 27$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

$wR(F^2) = 0.140$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 0.86$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0501P)^2]$
5512 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
263 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
186 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
O1	0.08199 (17)	0.09868 (7)	0.26522 (11)	0.0360 (3)	
C3	-0.2206 (2)	0.11679 (11)	0.28343 (16)	0.0333 (5)	
H3C	-0.2405	0.1702	0.2607	0.040*	0.191 (5)
H3D	-0.3312	0.0899	0.2539	0.040*	0.191 (5)
H3A	-0.3199	0.1516	0.2612	0.040*	0.809 (5)
H3B	-0.2583	0.0672	0.2469	0.040*	0.809 (5)
C2	-0.0717 (3)	0.14510 (17)	0.2248 (2)	0.0291 (7)	0.809 (5)
H2	-0.0437	0.1975	0.2544	0.035*	0.809 (5)
C2A	-0.0799 (12)	0.0847 (7)	0.2107 (8)	0.029 (3)	0.191 (5)
H2A	-0.0935	0.0290	0.2091	0.034*	0.191 (5)
O4	-0.27867 (17)	0.11284 (9)	0.49357 (12)	0.0510 (4)	
C4	-0.1720 (3)	0.11027 (12)	0.42566 (17)	0.0367 (5)	
C5	0.0761 (3)	0.09439 (11)	0.60752 (17)	0.0354 (5)	
H5	-0.0024	0.0986	0.6641	0.042*	
C6	0.2489 (2)	0.08326 (10)	0.65442 (16)	0.0325 (5)	
C7	0.3650 (3)	0.07588 (11)	0.57403 (18)	0.0378 (5)	
H7	0.4845	0.0680	0.6080	0.045*	
C8	0.3072 (2)	0.07993 (11)	0.44393 (17)	0.0375 (5)	
H8	0.3865	0.0740	0.3883	0.045*	
C9	0.1325 (2)	0.09266 (10)	0.39496 (16)	0.0300 (4)	
C10	0.0149 (2)	0.09958 (10)	0.47656 (16)	0.0310 (4)	
C11	-0.1170 (4)	0.1450 (3)	0.0831 (3)	0.0303 (7)	0.809 (5)
C12	-0.1411 (5)	0.0793 (2)	0.0138 (4)	0.0366 (9)	0.809 (5)
H12	-0.1219	0.0327	0.0570	0.044*	0.809 (5)
C13	-0.1934 (7)	0.0798 (3)	-0.1190 (4)	0.0397 (10)	0.809 (5)

## supplementary materials

---

H13	-0.2060	0.0342	-0.1652	0.048*	0.809 (5)
C14	-0.2265 (7)	0.1475 (3)	-0.1823 (5)	0.0382 (11)	0.809 (5)
H14	-0.2649	0.1483	-0.2719	0.046*	0.809 (5)
C15	-0.2034 (5)	0.2140 (2)	-0.1141 (3)	0.0417 (8)	0.809 (5)
H15	-0.2251	0.2605	-0.1572	0.050*	0.809 (5)
C16	-0.1478 (4)	0.2128 (2)	0.0186 (3)	0.0376 (7)	0.809 (5)
H16	-0.1311	0.2585	0.0646	0.045*	0.809 (5)
C11A	-0.119 (2)	0.1114 (11)	0.0698 (17)	0.034 (3)	0.191 (5)
C12A	-0.172 (2)	0.0636 (11)	-0.0273 (17)	0.037 (3)	0.191 (5)
H12A	-0.1752	0.0112	-0.0136	0.045*	0.191 (5)
C13A	-0.220 (3)	0.0935 (16)	-0.147 (2)	0.040 (3)	0.191 (5)
H13A	-0.2685	0.0616	-0.2153	0.048*	0.191 (5)
C14A	-0.201 (3)	0.1676 (14)	-0.170 (2)	0.035 (2)	0.191 (5)
H14A	-0.2292	0.1866	-0.2541	0.042*	0.191 (5)
C15A	-0.142 (2)	0.2133 (9)	-0.0714 (15)	0.038 (2)	0.191 (5)
H15A	-0.1262	0.2652	-0.0847	0.046*	0.191 (5)
C16A	-0.1042 (19)	0.1832 (10)	0.0494 (14)	0.033 (2)	0.191 (5)
H16A	-0.0662	0.2154	0.1197	0.040*	0.191 (5)
O17	0.30900 (16)	0.07682 (7)	0.78730 (11)	0.0366 (3)	
O18	0.28558 (19)	0.20177 (8)	0.80597 (12)	0.0481 (4)	
C18	0.3155 (2)	0.14193 (13)	0.85498 (18)	0.0368 (5)	
C19	0.3615 (3)	0.12719 (12)	0.99504 (17)	0.0429 (5)	
H19A	0.4743	0.1008	1.0143	0.051*	
H19B	0.2729	0.0937	1.0192	0.051*	
C20	0.3734 (3)	0.19745 (13)	1.07435 (19)	0.0525 (6)	
H20A	0.4030	0.1842	1.1646	0.079*	
H20B	0.2615	0.2234	1.0570	0.079*	
H20C	0.4632	0.2303	1.0529	0.079*	

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0336 (8)	0.0530 (9)	0.0217 (7)	0.0076 (6)	0.0058 (6)	0.0035 (6)
C3	0.0309 (10)	0.0463 (12)	0.0221 (9)	-0.0009 (9)	0.0037 (8)	0.0026 (8)
C2	0.0281 (13)	0.0357 (18)	0.0218 (11)	0.0042 (12)	0.0009 (9)	0.0039 (11)
C2A	0.029 (6)	0.044 (8)	0.015 (4)	-0.001 (5)	0.009 (4)	0.006 (4)
O4	0.0312 (8)	0.0941 (12)	0.0288 (7)	-0.0055 (8)	0.0086 (6)	0.0014 (8)
C4	0.0309 (10)	0.0531 (13)	0.0255 (10)	-0.0048 (10)	0.0045 (9)	-0.0011 (9)
C5	0.0328 (11)	0.0499 (14)	0.0244 (10)	-0.0013 (9)	0.0081 (8)	0.0012 (9)
C6	0.0368 (11)	0.0385 (12)	0.0220 (9)	0.0016 (9)	0.0050 (8)	0.0033 (8)
C7	0.0312 (11)	0.0504 (13)	0.0309 (10)	0.0068 (10)	0.0037 (8)	0.0064 (9)
C8	0.0321 (11)	0.0543 (14)	0.0264 (10)	0.0089 (10)	0.0062 (8)	0.0044 (9)
C9	0.0351 (11)	0.0333 (11)	0.0207 (9)	0.0024 (9)	0.0030 (8)	0.0024 (8)
C10	0.0297 (10)	0.0398 (12)	0.0235 (10)	-0.0008 (8)	0.0051 (8)	0.0019 (8)
C11	0.0287 (13)	0.039 (2)	0.0252 (14)	0.0019 (18)	0.0085 (10)	-0.0011 (15)
C12	0.0418 (19)	0.041 (2)	0.0261 (19)	0.0011 (16)	0.0045 (16)	0.0034 (16)
C13	0.042 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.0019 (17)	0.0054 (16)	0.0004 (16)
C14	0.036 (2)	0.057 (3)	0.0211 (15)	0.0063 (19)	0.0045 (13)	-0.0009 (18)

C15	0.049 (2)	0.0538 (18)	0.0220 (16)	0.0168 (16)	0.0050 (13)	0.0067 (15)
C16	0.0494 (18)	0.0398 (18)	0.0238 (15)	0.0082 (14)	0.0077 (12)	0.0030 (13)
C11A	0.038 (4)	0.036 (5)	0.028 (4)	0.003 (4)	0.004 (4)	-0.004 (4)
C12A	0.040 (4)	0.045 (4)	0.026 (5)	0.003 (4)	0.004 (4)	-0.004 (4)
C13A	0.038 (4)	0.052 (5)	0.029 (5)	0.006 (4)	0.005 (4)	0.004 (4)
C14A	0.037 (4)	0.047 (4)	0.023 (4)	0.006 (4)	0.011 (4)	0.005 (4)
C15A	0.043 (4)	0.041 (4)	0.028 (4)	0.008 (4)	0.001 (4)	0.003 (4)
C16A	0.041 (4)	0.032 (5)	0.025 (4)	0.012 (4)	0.003 (4)	-0.001 (4)
O17	0.0386 (8)	0.0457 (9)	0.0231 (7)	0.0039 (7)	-0.0001 (6)	0.0015 (6)
O18	0.0642 (10)	0.0454 (9)	0.0318 (8)	-0.0007 (8)	0.0023 (7)	0.0045 (7)
C18	0.0311 (11)	0.0506 (14)	0.0284 (10)	0.0003 (10)	0.0047 (8)	0.0015 (10)
C19	0.0454 (12)	0.0564 (14)	0.0252 (10)	0.0072 (11)	0.0027 (9)	0.0026 (9)
C20	0.0544 (14)	0.0722 (17)	0.0289 (11)	0.0118 (12)	0.0032 (10)	-0.0057 (11)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C2A	1.317 (10)	C12—C13	1.404 (5)
O1—C9	1.375 (2)	C12—H12	0.9500
O1—C2	1.460 (3)	C13—C14	1.386 (6)
C3—C4	1.504 (2)	C13—H13	0.9500
C3—C2	1.520 (3)	C14—C15	1.390 (6)
C3—C2A	1.581 (10)	C14—H14	0.9500
C3—H3C	0.9900	C15—C16	1.405 (4)
C3—H3D	0.9900	C15—H15	0.9500
C3—H3A	0.9899	C16—H16	0.9500
C3—H3B	0.9901	C11A—C16A	1.31 (2)
C2—C11	1.492 (4)	C11A—C12A	1.35 (2)
C2—H2	1.0000	C12A—C13A	1.37 (2)
C2A—C11A	1.558 (19)	C12A—H12A	0.9500
C2A—H3B	1.5579	C13A—C14A	1.36 (3)
C2A—H2A	1.0000	C13A—H13A	0.9500
O4—C4	1.215 (2)	C14A—C15A	1.35 (3)
C4—C10	1.476 (3)	C14A—H14A	0.9500
C5—C6	1.368 (3)	C15A—C16A	1.381 (19)
C5—C10	1.397 (2)	C15A—H15A	0.9500
C5—H5	0.9500	C16A—H16A	0.9500
C6—C7	1.379 (3)	O17—C18	1.367 (2)
C6—O17	1.416 (2)	O18—C18	1.195 (2)
C7—C8	1.383 (3)	C18—C19	1.499 (3)
C7—H7	0.9500	C19—C20	1.510 (3)
C8—C9	1.390 (3)	C19—H19A	0.9900
C8—H8	0.9500	C19—H19B	0.9900
C9—C10	1.398 (2)	C20—H20A	0.9800
C11—C12	1.383 (4)	C20—H20B	0.9800
C11—C16	1.394 (4)	C20—H20C	0.9800
C2A—O1—C9	119.8 (4)	C8—C9—C10	120.23 (16)
C2A—O1—C2	45.9 (5)	C5—C10—C9	118.98 (18)
C9—O1—C2	113.80 (15)	C5—C10—C4	120.20 (17)
C4—C3—C2	112.49 (16)	C9—C10—C4	120.80 (16)

## supplementary materials

---

C4—C3—C2A	114.1 (4)	C12—C11—C16	118.7 (3)
C2—C3—C2A	41.1 (4)	C12—C11—C2	122.0 (4)
C4—C3—H3C	108.7	C16—C11—C2	119.2 (3)
C2—C3—H3C	71.0	C11—C12—C13	121.4 (4)
C2A—C3—H3C	108.7	C11—C12—H12	119.3
C4—C3—H3D	108.7	C13—C12—H12	119.3
C2—C3—H3D	136.7	C14—C13—C12	119.6 (5)
C2A—C3—H3D	108.7	C14—C13—H13	120.2
H3C—C3—H3D	107.6	C12—C13—H13	120.2
C4—C3—H3A	109.0	C13—C14—C15	119.7 (5)
C2—C3—H3A	109.0	C13—C14—H14	120.1
C2A—C3—H3A	134.8	C15—C14—H14	120.1
H3C—C3—H3A	41.9	C14—C15—C16	120.2 (4)
H3D—C3—H3A	68.1	C14—C15—H15	119.9
C4—C3—H3B	109.3	C16—C15—H15	119.9
C2—C3—H3B	109.2	C11—C16—C15	120.4 (3)
C2A—C3—H3B	70.3	C11—C16—H16	119.8
H3C—C3—H3B	138.1	C15—C16—H16	119.8
H3D—C3—H3B	42.5	C16A—C11A—C12A	121.0 (17)
H3A—C3—H3B	107.8	C16A—C11A—C2A	117.1 (16)
O1—C2—C11	108.7 (2)	C12A—C11A—C2A	121.9 (17)
O1—C2—C3	110.33 (18)	C11A—C12A—C13A	118 (2)
C11—C2—C3	111.8 (2)	C11A—C12A—H12A	121.2
O1—C2—H2	108.6	C13A—C12A—H12A	121.2
C11—C2—H2	108.6	C14A—C13A—C12A	122 (2)
C3—C2—H2	108.6	C14A—C13A—H13A	119.0
O1—C2A—C11A	111.4 (9)	C12A—C13A—H13A	119.0
O1—C2A—C3	114.9 (7)	C15A—C14A—C13A	119 (2)
C11A—C2A—C3	109.9 (9)	C15A—C14A—H14A	120.6
O1—C2A—H3B	140.0	C13A—C14A—H14A	120.6
C11A—C2A—H3B	106.5	C14A—C15A—C16A	118.6 (16)
C3—C2A—H3B	36.8	C14A—C15A—H15A	120.7
O1—C2A—H2A	106.7	C16A—C15A—H15A	120.7
C11A—C2A—H2A	106.7	C11A—C16A—C15A	121.9 (14)
C3—C2A—H2A	106.7	C11A—C16A—H16A	119.0
H3B—C2A—H2A	73.0	C15A—C16A—H16A	119.0
O4—C4—C10	122.48 (16)	C18—O17—C6	115.85 (15)
O4—C4—C3	122.51 (18)	O18—C18—O17	122.98 (18)
C10—C4—C3	115.01 (16)	O18—C18—C19	125.9 (2)
C6—C5—C10	120.12 (18)	O17—C18—C19	111.08 (18)
C6—C5—H5	119.9	C18—C19—C20	113.28 (19)
C10—C5—H5	119.9	C18—C19—H19A	108.9
C5—C6—C7	120.98 (17)	C20—C19—H19A	108.9
C5—C6—O17	119.59 (17)	C18—C19—H19B	108.9
C7—C6—O17	119.39 (17)	C20—C19—H19B	108.9
C6—C7—C8	119.97 (19)	H19A—C19—H19B	107.7
C6—C7—H7	120.0	C19—C20—H20A	109.5
C8—C7—H7	120.0	C19—C20—H20B	109.5
C7—C8—C9	119.70 (18)	H20A—C20—H20B	109.5



C7—C8—H8	120.1	C19—C20—H20C	109.5
C9—C8—H8	120.1	H20A—C20—H20C	109.5
O1—C9—C8	117.62 (17)	H20B—C20—H20C	109.5
O1—C9—C10	122.15 (17)		
C2A—O1—C2—C11	-68.7 (5)	C8—C9—C10—C4	-177.69 (18)
C9—O1—C2—C11	-177.9 (2)	O4—C4—C10—C5	-2.1 (3)
C2A—O1—C2—C3	54.2 (5)	C3—C4—C10—C5	178.64 (18)
C9—O1—C2—C3	-55.0 (2)	O4—C4—C10—C9	176.33 (19)
C4—C3—C2—O1	53.9 (3)	C3—C4—C10—C9	-2.9 (3)
C2A—C3—C2—O1	-47.5 (5)	O1—C2—C11—C12	53.9 (4)
C4—C3—C2—C11	175.0 (2)	C3—C2—C11—C12	-68.2 (4)
C2A—C3—C2—C11	73.6 (5)	O1—C2—C11—C16	-130.7 (3)
C9—O1—C2A—C11A	167.4 (8)	C3—C2—C11—C16	107.3 (3)
C2—O1—C2A—C11A	72.1 (9)	C16—C11—C12—C13	0.8 (5)
C9—O1—C2A—C3	41.6 (10)	C2—C11—C12—C13	176.3 (4)
C2—O1—C2A—C3	-53.7 (7)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-1.9 (7)
C4—C3—C2A—O1	-39.4 (10)	C12—C13—C14—C15	1.7 (8)
C2—C3—C2A—O1	57.7 (7)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.5 (7)
C4—C3—C2A—C11A	-165.9 (8)	C12—C11—C16—C15	0.4 (5)
C2—C3—C2A—C11A	-68.8 (9)	C2—C11—C16—C15	-175.2 (3)
C2—C3—C4—O4	155.4 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-0.6 (5)
C2A—C3—C4—O4	-159.7 (5)	O1—C2A—C11A—C16A	-61.9 (18)
C2—C3—C4—C10	-25.4 (3)	C3—C2A—C11A—C16A	66.6 (17)
C2A—C3—C4—C10	19.6 (6)	O1—C2A—C11A—C12A	119.9 (17)
C10—C5—C6—C7	-1.0 (3)	C3—C2A—C11A—C12A	-111.6 (17)
C10—C5—C6—O17	-178.93 (17)	C16A—C11A—C12A—C13A	-5(3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	0.2 (3)	C2A—C11A—C12A—C13A	173.6 (17)
O17—C6—C7—C8	178.17 (18)	C11A—C12A—C13A—C14A	6(4)
C6—C7—C8—C9	1.0 (3)	C12A—C13A—C14A—C15A	-4(4)
C2A—O1—C9—C8	156.3 (7)	C13A—C14A—C15A—C16A	-1(3)
C2—O1—C9—C8	-152.26 (19)	C12A—C11A—C16A—C15A	0(3)
C2A—O1—C9—C10	-24.2 (7)	C2A—C11A—C16A—C15A	-177.7 (12)
C2—O1—C9—C10	27.2 (3)	C14A—C15A—C16A—C11A	2(3)
C7—C8—C9—O1	177.93 (18)	C5—C6—O17—C18	-74.2 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-1.5 (3)	C7—C6—O17—C18	107.8 (2)
C6—C5—C10—C9	0.5 (3)	C6—O17—C18—O18	-5.5 (3)
C6—C5—C10—C4	178.93 (18)	C6—O17—C18—C19	173.63 (16)
O1—C9—C10—C5	-178.66 (17)	O18—C18—C19—C20	-1.8 (3)
C8—C9—C10—C5	0.8 (3)	O17—C18—C19—C20	179.05 (17)
O1—C9—C10—C4	2.9 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C2—H2 $\cdots$ O18 <sup>i</sup>	1.00	2.37	3.145 (3)	133

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1/2, -y+1/2, z-1/2$ .

Fig. 1

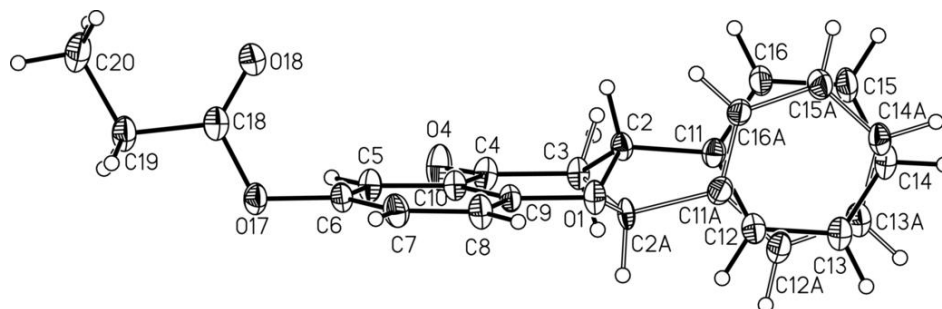


Fig. 2

